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Warſaw, March 11. *N. S.*

THE Complaints againſt the Saxon Troops encreaſe every Day, and ſeveral Palatinates have ſent a Remonſtrance againſt thier Exactions to the Primate, who has anſwer'd them, that King Auguſtus, at his return, will redreſs their Grievances himſelf, and that he hopes his Majeſty will convene a general Diet, in which they may come to ſuch Reſolutions as are neceſſary for the Safety of the Kingdom. The Great General had deſired, that Ruſſia might be exempted from Quartering thoſe Troops, in order to have it reſerv'd for the ſubſiſtance of the Army of the Crown, but his Requeſt was deny'd, which has very much provoked the Diet of that Province. The departure of our Plenipotentiaries for the Congreſs at Brunſwick, is deferr'd till further Orders. They write from Leopol, that Prince Wieſnowiski, General Smigielski, and Monſieur Criſpin, were already come to Brezan, in order to make their Submiſſions to King Auguſtus, and the Palatin of Kiovia was every Day expected there for the ſame purpoſe. Letters from Ukrain bring an account, that the Caſtellan of Caminietz was returning with his Troops into Poland, when he receiv'd Information that General Orlik had again aſſembled the Coſſacks, and ſeiz'd on the Town and Caſtle of Stodlod: Whereupon he ſent a Detachment of Horſe to Attack them, under the Command of Colonel Kalinouski, who had already drove them out of the Town, and had ſent for ſome Pieces of Cannon from Bialazerkiou, in order to compel them to Surrender the Caſtle. We have receiv'd advice from Conſtantinople, that the Admiral, and the General of the Artillery had been Depos'd, that the Turks continued their Warlike Preparations with great diligence, and were erecting large Magazines at Theſſalonnica and other Ports.

Vienna, March 21. *N. S.* Prince Eugene arrived here two Days ago, and has given the Emperor an account of his Negotiations at Radſtad, with which his Majeſty ſeems to be very well pleas'd. On the 12th Monſieur Spinola, the Pope's Nuntio, made his Publick Entry into this City with the uſual Ceremonies, and on the 14th he had his firſt Audience of their Imperial Majeſties. The Counſellors of the Aulick Chamber have been confirm'd in their Employments, and have taken a new Oath of Fidelity. Count Colloredo, a Member of the Privy Council, and Knight of the Order of the Golden Fleece, is appointed to go Ambaſſador to the Republick of Venice, in the room of Prince Ercolani, who is recall'd. The 13th was obſerv'd here with great Solemnity, as a Day of Thankſgiving for the entire deliverance of this City from the Contagious Diſtemper. Baron Weyberg, Miniſter of Denmark, ſet out from hence on the 17th for Brunſwick, in order to aſſiſt at the Congreſs which is forming at that Place. Count Dhona, who was ſent to this Court with a Commiſſion from the King of Pruſſia, is returned to Berlin, Letters from Turky bring an account, That the King of Sweden continued ſtill at Demir-Toca; but Preparations were making for his departure from thence. The Fortifications of Chocim were carried on with great diligence, and the Turks were beginning to Fortify ſome other Places on the Frontiers of Poland.

Venice, March 23. *N. S.* Three Men of War are fitting out here, and will very ſoon be ready to put to Sea with General Delfino, who is going to relieve Signor Sagredo in Morea. Some Days ago Count Gallas, the Emperor's Ambaſſador, ſet out for Ferrara in his way to Rome, being accompanied by the Abbot Maffei, the Imperial Miniſter at Ancona, who came hither to meet him. A Proclamation has been publiſh'd, ordering all Perſons under ſevere Penalties to bring in the Money they have ſubſcribed to the new Lottery, which is to be drawn on the Tenth of next Month. The Hamilton Galley is come in here from Briſtol, and the Martha and Rapheſon from London. They write from Rome, that ſeveral Congregations of Cardinals had been held upon the Affairs of Sicily, but they had not yet agreed what Meaſures to take. His Imperial Majeſty had diſpoſed of the Benefices which Cardinal Ottoboni held in the Milaneze to Cardinal Sala, Biſhop of Barcelona. Cardinal Piazza had made his Publick Cavalcade to the Conſiſtory, where he received the Hat from the Hands of the Pope. The Marquis de Prie, Ambaſſador of his Imperial Majeſty, had been viſited by all the Cardinals, and was preparing to leave Rome upon the arrival of his Succeſſor. On the Tenth he had a long Audience of the Pope. Letters from Naples bring an Account, that the Vice-Roy had order'd the Caſtles of that City to be well provided with all ſorts of warlike Stores, and that ſeveral new Works were to be added to the Fortifications of Gaeta. Count Atalaya, Vice-Roy of Sardinia, and the Marquis Almenaro, who is appointed to command the Emperor's Forces in the ſame Kingdom, were arrived at Naples, and lodg'd in the Palace of Count Taun. All Commerce was forbid between Reggio di Calabria and Meſſina. We have received Advice from Palermo, that the States of Sicily were aſſembled at that Place.

Paris, April 2. *N. S.* On the 27th paſt Count Craon. Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Lorrain, had his firſt Audience of the King, in which he complimented his Majeſty upon the Peace with the Emperor. Monſieur Secontes, Intendant of Metz, is appointed to be One of his Majeſty's Plenipotentiaries at the Congreſs of Baden. The King intends very ſoon to remove to Marli for ſix Weeks. Letters from Toulon bring an Account, that on the 15th paſt Monſieur du Caſs, with the Squadron under his Command, ſet ſail with a fair Wind for Barcelona. We have received a Confirmation of our former Advices, that the Turks are making great Preparations both by Sea and Land, eſpecially towards Hungary, which gives great Uneaſineſs as well to the Emperor as the Republick of Venice; and all the States bordering upon the Ottoman Empire are taking all poſſible Precautions to ſecure their Frontiers againſt the Deſigns of the Port. But the Turks give out, that theſe Preparations are only in Favour of the King

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